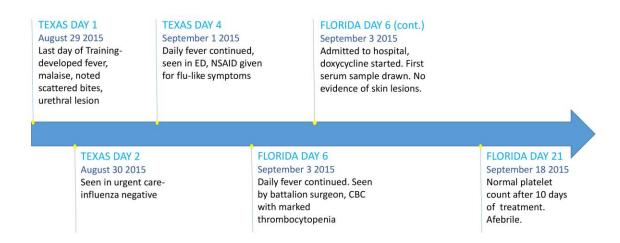
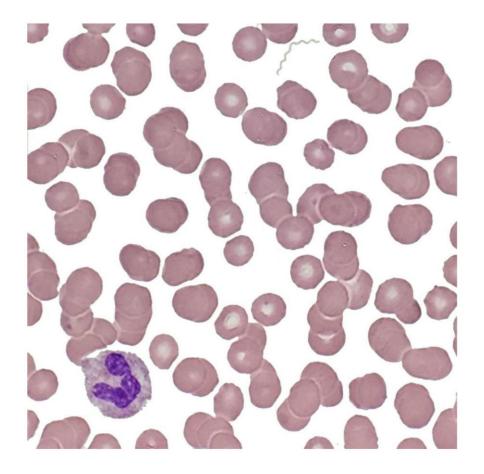
Borrelia turicatae Infection in Febrile Soldier, Texas, USA

Technical Appendix

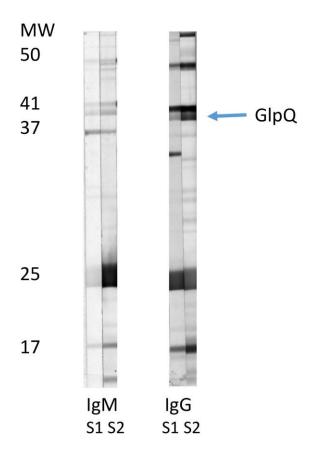
Timeline of Illness



Technical Appendix Figure 1. Time line of *Borrelia turicatae* infection in man. ED, emergency department; NSAID, nonsteroidal anti-inflammatory drug; CBC, complete blood count.



Technical Appendix Figure 2. *Borrelia turicatae* in a stained peripheral blood smear from febrile soldier, Texas, USA. Original magnification ×100, oil immersion.



Technical Appendix Figure 3. Immunoblots demonstrating increasing tick-borne relapsing fever antibody reactivity to discrete antigens. GlpQ, glycerophosphodiester phosphodiesterase Q gene (serologic discriminator between relapsing fever and Lyme borreliosis); MW, molecular masses expressed in kilodaltons; S1, first serum sample collected day 5 of illness; S2, second serum sample collected 3 weeks later.